VOL. XIII, NO. 40.

WICHITA, KANSAS, FRIDAY MORNING JULY 4, 1890.

WHOLE NO. 1907.

FORTY-THREE STARS.

THE NUMBER DUE ON THE FLAG TODAY.

Idaho Made a State on the 3rd for this Express Purpose.

The Flag Floats Today on the Capitol for the First Time During a Recess.

Another Conference on the Silver Bill-Republican Conferees Arranging a Basis of Settlement-Little Business Done in the Houses-Capital Notes,

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The signing of the bill admitting Idaho to the sisterhood of states this morning by the president has disappointed a number of people in that state who had hopes that the new state state who had hopes that the new state would take up her position in line on the Fourth of July. The reason for this action was an interesting one. The president, it seems, found that the law ordained that a new star should be placed on the American flag for each new state on the Fourth of July succeeding its admission to the union. The president left it to Mr. Dubois, the delegate from idaho, to decide whether to have the bill signed at conce and get the star or leave the star over until July 4, 1891. Mr. Dubois chose the star now and as a retult the bill has been signed and forty-three stars are due upon the flag tomorrow.

The stars and stripes will float over the capitol tomorrow although neither house will be in session. It is a singular fact that never before has a flag floated on the exterior of that building except when con-

exterior of that building except when congress was actually in session. The new sergeant-at-arms of the senate having become aware of this state of things called Senator Ingalls' attention to the matter. Architect Clark was then consulted and the conference resulted in Senator Ingalls, who is president pro tempore, directing that the national colors be flung to the breeze tomorrow, the Fourth of July. To run the flags up on the regulation flagstaffs was impossible unless the rules of both senate and house were fractured, so some other place bad to be found. It was found and carpenters have been busy all day preparing and putting in place, at the foot of the dome, four flagstaffs pointing respectively north, south, east and west. From each of these poles will depend a twenty-five foot United States flag. exterior of that building except when con-

IN THE SENATE.

Several Matters Discussed at Considerable Length.

Washington, July 3.—Messages from the president as to Indian lands in Kansas, ns to postal and cable communication be-tween the United States and the Latin-American states, as to the celebration of the four hundreth anniversary of the disthe four hundreth anniversary of the dis-covery of America and as to agreement be-tween the Cherokee commission and the lows Indians in the Indian territory were presented and referred.

We Bristow, Emporia: Hannah, mother of Benjamin F. Niles, Goodland.

presented and referred.

Mr. Allison moved that adjournment today be till Monday.

Mr. Edmunds and Mr. Sherman opposed
the motion and Mr. Plumb and Mr. Gorman advocated it and it was agreed to.

Mr. Plumb offered resolutions directing the secretary of the interior to inform the senate whether he has knowledge of the guarantee, actual or proposed, by the Union Pacific railroad company of the bonds or stock of any other corporation, more especially those of the Oregon Navi-gation company and of the Denver South Park Railroad company; whether the Union Pacific Railroad company has pair out of its surplus earnings or otherwise any part thereof of those or other com-panies, and if so whether by guarantee payment or both is in accordance with law of consistent with the obligations of Pacific Railroad company to the

nited States, Mr. Edmunds suggested to add to the resolution the words: "And that the sec retary of the interior communicate all in-formation in the possession of his department on the subject

Mr. Plumb accepted the amendment.
Mr. Butler-I would suggest that the secretary of the interior also report if he has any knowledge why the senate does not proceed to the consideration of the report of the select committee on the Pacific railroads. I would like to have information on that subject. The select committee spent a good deal of time and work in getting all the data and in agreeing on a report and for some cause, which I am unable to understand, the senate does not consider it. I suppose the caucus has acted on it.

Mr. Edmunds-Responding to the cross diservation of the senator from South Carolina, I say that the caucus has not Mr. Butler—The senator speaks of my being cross—I am as amiable as a May

Mr. Edmunds—Certainly. But when the senator is the most annable, he is gen-erally the most cross. To the best of my knowledge and belief, no assemblage or other arrangement or discussion of Re-publicans has had any relation to or conideration of the subject to which the sen attor refers. Speaking as one Republican how, and not for the rest of our gradually diminishing numbers, I wish to say that I think that the trouble has been that senators on this side have not stood by caucus action in the senate, in spite of endless talk on the other side and perhaps some considerable talk on this side.

endiess this on the other side and perhaps some considerable talk on this side.

The question can not well be considered until after the facts are known. When the discussion of the select committee in relation to the settlement (as some people are andacous enough to call it) of these railroads with the United States comes up we should be in possession of some facts bearing upon what ought to be done. If it be true that in spite of positive laws of congress, with penalties imposed, there is not and has not been force enough in the administration of the government wither under Democratic or Republican auspices to compel these companies to obey the law, or to punish their officers who deliberately disobey it. I do not know that there would be any use in passing a settlement bill at all if it then depends upon the will of each company

ing a settlement bill at all if it then depends upon the will of each company whether the settlement shall go on or whether it shall be broken.

Mr. Vest—The question is not as to what is in the report, but as to why it has not been considered. It has been intimated by the senator from Vermont that there has been some sort of obstruction on this side of the chamber to the order of business of the senate. If there has been, I have not seen any indication of it. It is business of the senate. If there has been, I have not seen any indication of it. It is well known that the order of business is controlled by a caucus committee of which the senator from Vermont is either the chairman or the controlling member. The responsibility for the delay in the consideration of that railroad report rests with that committee and with the majority of the senate.

ority of the senate. e resolution was agreed to. The subject of the bill passed by the senate restering as to land patents remaining undelivered in the general land office and as to the facilities afforded as to

firm of Washington attorneys to take a list of them was again brought up by Mr. Berry, who sent to the clerk's desk and had read a letter sent by these attorneys to the clerk of Columbia county, Arkansas, the clerk of Columbia county, Arkansas, offering to supply patents in that county for \$4 each, of which fee the clerk was to retain \$1; A letter from William Stone, assistant commissioner of the general land office, then acting commissioner, to this firm upon such facilities; a letter from Charles Bussey, assistant secretary of the interior, certifying to the reputable character of the firm, and a dispatch to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat from Vandalia, Ill., on the subject.

firm, and a dispatch to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat from Vandalia, Ill., on the subject.

Mr. Berry said that if any explanation could be given of that transaction or any excuse for that most scandalous conduct on the part of those officers he would be glad to hear it. There were 250,000 of these undelivered patents and this firm would, at the low rate mentioned in its letter to the county clerk of Columbia county, wrench a million of dol lars from citizens unjustly and without authority. He understood that one member of the firm, Thomas H. McKee, was an officer of the house of representatives.

Messrs. Teller, Paddock and Cockrell, participated in the discussion, the former stating that the possession of the patent was not essential to a man's title, Mr. Paddock stating that under the present administration of the general land offices, the number of undelivered patents had been reduced by some 70,000, Mr. Cockrell denouncing the affair as a mere speculating, blackmailing scheme.

The senate bill to establish a United States land count and to provide for the settlement of private land claims in certain states and territories, was taken up on the motion of Mr. Edmunds, who explained and advocated it. Senators Teller, Stewart and Plumb also spoke in favor of the bill and Senators Reagan and Morgan bitterly opposed it. The bill was discussed until 2 p. m., when the "unfinished business" was taken up, being the two postal and ship subsidy bills. Mr. Vest continued his argument against the bills.

Mr. Wilson, of Maryland addressed the senate in opposition to the bills, which was agreed to instructing the committee on appropriations to prepare and report to the senate a statement of the gross

on appropriations to prepare and report to the senate a statement of the gross amounts already appropriated and propos-ed to be appropriated in the several appro-priation bills of this session.

Mr. Allison said that he hoped to be able

to make such a statement on Monday www. morning.

The conference report on the agricultural of appropriation bill was presented and agreed to.

The senate then adjourned till Monday.

PENSIONS FOR KANSANS. Washington, July 3.—The following pensions wele issued: Original invalid—Amaziah Westcott, Sabetha; Alexander W. Markham, Center Ridge; John Akehurs, Olpe: John Neely Leavenworth; Leonard Breitaecer, Clay Center; Jacob L. Shutton, Oak Mills: Justin R. Stevenson, Contributed Bling D. Devic Acther. Will Southon, Oak Mills, Justin R. Stevenson, Conrtland; Elias D. Davis, Anthony, William Jameson, National Military home: James Ackerley, Potwin; James Swearinger, Garnent; Robert S. Russell, Chapman; Alonzo W. Beeman, National Military home: John Tenerborn, St. Theresa; James H. Robinson, Idana; George H. Rash, Vermillion: Henry W. Wilson, Parsons; Andrew M. George, Coffeyville; Hiram Curtis, Morrill; Henry B. Eggleston, Winfield; Joseph Witchair, Crapman; William Moody, Belleville. Increase—William Frenz, Flagstaff; Joseph P. Henry, National Military home; Silas Shertzer, Faulkner; Dennis G. Runyan, Lyon; John H. Huff, Hoxie; Andrew Tressler, Americus; Warren E. Ranney, Burlington, Reissue—Jerome H. White, Sammerville, Reissue and increase—Henry Wagoner, Burlington, Original wid-

LITTLE BUSINESS IN THE HOUSE. Washington, July 3.—Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, asked for a reprint of the federal election bill as passed with marginal notes. Mr. Rogers, of Arkansas, demanded the

Mr. Lodge suggested that there was no necessity to get cross about the matter.
Mr. Rogers retorted that the house had had enough of the bill, whereupon Mr. Houk, of Tennessee, suggested that the Democrats might get more of it. The request was not accoled to.
Mr. Dorsey, of Nebraska, asked consent to offer a resolution requesting the president to return the house bill to refund anyment to parchasers of lands of the Omaha tribe of Indians in Nebraska, but objection was made. ested that there was no

objection was made.
Mr. McComas, of Maryland, presented.

the conference report on the District of Columbia appropriation bill. After debate and pending a vote on the conference report the house at 1:45 adjourned till Mon-

PLUMB'S LAND PATENT BILL.

Washington, July 8.—The Plumb land atom bill does not apply to any greatex-ent to lands in Kansas or other states in the tent to lands in Kansas or other states in the far west. It affects principally the states of Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida. There are nearly twenty-five thousand undelivered patents for Missouri aloue lying in the general land office, and it is probable there were nearly as many more unclaimed in the local land office of the state. The absence of the patent would probably be not dis-covered by the abstracter, and could be remedied at some expense and after some remedied at some expense and after some delay. But the passage of the present bill will make it incumbent upon recorders of deeds to look up the owners and deliver

CHEROKEE COMMISSION REPORTS.

CHEROKEE COMMISSION REPORTS.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The reports of the Cherokee commission on the lowa and Sac and Fox purchases, Indian territory, were sent to the senate today. The reports for the details of the negotiations have already been published, but the president in an accompanying communication recommends that congress ratify these purchases. It is said that an effort will be made to attach amendments to the Indian appropriation bill making the ratification. This bill has passed the house, and is now in the committee in the senate. If the committee adopts this plan it will doubtless pass both houses, and the purchase will be thus ratified in the same manner that the Creek purchase was ratified in an amendment to the Indian appropriation bill in the last congress. the last congress.

CROSSING THE MEXICAN LINE.

Washington, July 3—An agreement has been entered into by Secretary Blaine and Romero, the Mexican minister, prowiding for the reciprocal crossing of the in-ternational boundary line by the troops of the United States and the republic of Mex-ico when in close pursuit of hostile Indians. Under this agreement it is provided that no Indian scouts of the United States shall be allowed to cross the boundary line un-less they go as guides or trailers unarmed and not exceeding in any case two scouts for each company or each separate com-mand. The reciprocal crossing agreed upon shall only occur in the unpopulated

EN ROUTE TO CAPE MAY. WASHINGTON, July 3.—The president left Washington for Cape May this evening after having been informed that the legislative appropriation bill would not be ready for his action until next week, the house having adjourned before it had been enrolled. He was accompanied by Private Secretary Halford and expects to return to Washington next Tuesday.

DISSATISFACTION IN THE OKLA-HOMA TOWNS.

A Protest From Kingfisher on the Proposed Execution of Town Site Laws.

Fears That the Expense Will be Rendered Burdensome Before Contests are Settled.

El Reno's Program for Today-A Large Number of Decisions Handed Down by the State Supreme Court-Geneneral Western Items,

KINGFISHER, Ok., July 3.—There is great lissatisfaction in the Oklahoma towns wer the manner in which the town site aw is to be carried into effect. Today the

law is to be carried into effect. Today the following telegram was sent to the president from this place:

"To the president—The town site commissioners have no natural sympathy with the poor people of Oklahoma and knowing nothing of the situation and condition of things here under the instructions of the secretary of the interior have it in their power if disposed to prolonged their employment to bankrupt our towns and distress the people. For God's sake do something if possible to relieve us of this threatened oppression. The people of Oklahoma have already patiently borne greater wrongs than any other body of loyal Americans have ever before been loyal Americans have ever before been called upon to endure. The undersigned are the legally qualified village trustees, appointed under laws of the territory. This is signed by John Mills, D. W. Solomon, C. P. Weckmiller, J. R. Dillon and S. J. Wallis.

THE SUPREME COURT.

A Lengthy List of Decisions Handed Down.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 3.—The following pinions were rendered by the supreme

opinions were requered by the supremo court today:

By Horton, C. J.—State of Kansas vs.
Frank Laddenberger, appeal from Barton county, reversed; Commissioners of Kearney county vs. J. W. Rush et al., error fram Kearney county, affirmed; Phillip Jurg vs. Theresa Liebert, error from Ellsworth county, affirmed; James Weatherbee vs. Elias Cockrell, error from Greenwood county, affirmed: Texas Burk vs. O. W. Burk, error from Linn county, reversed; Louis A. Emmert vs. M. J. Rich-ardson, error from Bourbon county, affirmed; Margaret M. McBride et al., vs. the Lombard Mortgage company, error from Sedgwick county, affirmed: F. O. Miller et al., vs. the Topeka Land com-pany, error from Shawnee county, affirm-ed: J. S. Watkins vs. Peter P. Houck et al.,

ed: J. S. Watkins vs. Peter P. Houck et al., error from Lyon county, affirmed.

By Valentine, J.—The state of Kansas vs. Walter S. Waite, appeal from Saline county, reversed; Chicago, Kansas & Nebraska railroad vs. J. H. S. Brown, error from Pratt county, reversed; G. A. Cooper vs. N. L. Clark, error from Washington county, affirmed; Thomas Blackwood vs. J. W. Shaffer, error from Clay county, affirmed; H. D. Sita vs. John E. Davis et al, error from Bourbon county, E. Davis et al, error from Bourbon county, E. Davis et al, error from Bourboncounty, reversed; The Balter Wire company vs. Freeman Kingman et al, error from Salina county, reversed; George W. Brown et al vs. The Jas. H. Campbell company, error from Wyandotte county, reversed.

By Johnston, J.—In re Ernest C. Packer, original proceedings in babeas corpus, petition remanded; the Denver, Memphis & Atlantic railroad vs. S. Cowgill, error from Chantangon county, reversed; Alexander Chantangon county, reversed; Alexander Chantangon county, reversed; Alexander Chantangon county, reversed.

Atlantic railroad vs. S. Cowgill, error from Chautanqua county, reversed; Alexander Winston vs. C. P. Burnell, error from Jewell county, affirmel; Wm. K. Van Fleet vs. Mary F. Stout, error from Harvey county, affirmel; Oswego townskip et al vs. Joseph Anderson et al, error from Labette county, reversed; the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway company vs. J. Dwellee, error from Marion county, reversed; the Missouri Pacific Hallroad company vs. Harry Gedney, error from Anderson county, affirmed; the state of Kansas vs. E. H. Creditor, appeal from Sedgwick county, affirmed.

the state of Kansas vs. E. H. Creditor, appeal from Seagwick county, affirmed.
By Simpson, C.—The Missiouri Pacific Railroad company vs. Catherine A. Holcomb, error from Miami county, affirmed; George W. Howell et al vs. H. Scott, sheriff, error from Washington county, reversed; school district No. 3 vs. Spooner R. Howell et al, error from Mepublica county, affirmed; Sanniel 21 Callen vs. Artis M. Callen, error from Montzoniery county, reversed; Nicholas McAlpine vs. Mary A. Powell, error from Wyandotie county, reversed; the Missouri Pacific Railroad company vs. Mary A. Barber, etc., error from Morris county, affirmed.

By Green, C .- Delia Abbay et al., vs. the By Green, C.—Deiia Abbey, et al., vs. the W. B. Grimes Dry Goods company, error from Republic county, reversed: John M. Griffen vs. City of Olathe et al., error from Johnson county, affirmed; M. P. Brown, sheriff, vs. state of Kansas ex rel, error from Wichita county, affirmed; the Missouri Pacific railroad company vs. V. E. Harrilson, et al. error from Mi-mericancy affirmed; the Southern Kanami county, affirmed, the Southern Kan-sas railroad company vs. H. F. Schmidt, error from Allen county, affirmed; Henry Martin et al., vs. Jacob Martin, error from

Franklin county, affirmed.

By Strang, C.—J, E. Howard et al., vs. the
First National bank of Hutchinson, error
from Harvey county affirmed; J. E. Howard et al. vs. N. E. Burns, error from Harvey udty, affirmed; John Farry vs. John Day county, affirmed, John Parry vs. John Davidson et al., error from Chautauqua county reversed; Robert Metiee vs. George Kroh, error from Wyandotte county, reversed; the state of Kansas vs. Robert Tilney, error from Butler county, affirmed; the Missouri Pacific Hallroad company vs. G. M. Carpenter, error from Chautauqua county reversed. reversed. Per curiam-The State of Kansas vs.

Guy Crosier, appeal from Phillips county dismissed: Louisa Achterserg vs. Exr. Soldner, error from Limodu county dis missed: Alan L. Reid vs. R. P. D. Muse. error from Harvey county, dismissed, The State ex rel. vs. Charles H. Kerbe, county, clerk, et al., error from Arkinson county, dismissed: The State of Kansas vs. F. W. Fulker, appeal from Marshall county, mo-Fulker, appear from Marshall county, mo-tion for rehearing sustained, judgment of affirmance vacated and set aside, judg-ment of the court below reversed and case remanded for a new trial; Thomas J. Ross et al. vs. George S. Eckert, sheriff, et al., error from Mende county, dismissed; Canfield & Lee vs. the Kingman, Pratt & Western Railroad company, error from Kings Railroad company, error from Kiowa county, dismissed state ex rel vs. James county, dismissed; state ex rel vs. James Yoxall et al. original proceedings in quo warranto, dismissed; City of Anthony vs. Margaret J. Fox, error from Harper county, dismissed; John Knox et al vs George Gardner et al, error from Butler county; dismissed; James Ryanet al vs. Charles R. McLain assignee, etc., the errors complained of confessed by defendant in error, judgment of the court below reversed and cause, remanded for further progressions. ready for his action until next week, the house having adjourned before it had been cause remanded for further proceedings. The state of Kansas vs. Joshus Saumiers Secretary Halford and expects to return to Washington next Tuesday.

FAVORABLE REPORT ORDERED.

Washington, July 3.—The senate county of selection of the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in repeat of the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in repair to on military affairs today ordered a favorable report upon the nomination of Licutenant Colonel Richard N. Batchelder of the court of common states of the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismissed in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county dismised in relative to the court of common pleas of Selgwick county di

len, county treasurer, motion for rehearing overruled; the Missouri Pacific company vs. David Atchison, mo-tion for rehearing overruled; the Chicago, Kansas & Western Railroad company vs.

Kansas & Western Railroad company vs. A. R. Palmer, motion for rehearing overruled; the Southern Kansas Railroad company vs. A. V. Gould, motion for rehearing overruled; board of county commissioners of Lyon county vs. Mary M. Coman
et al., motion for rekearing overruled;
Charles L. Flint vs. the board of county
commissioners of Jackson county, motion
for rehearing overruled; Robert Forbes vs.
John Higgsiphotham, motion for rehearing John Higginbotham, motion for rehearing

THE FOURTH AT EL RENO.

El Reso, Ok., July 3.-The Reno family celebration. Fort Reno, Caddo, Reno City and Darlington, all join with El Reno to welcome the surrounding country to aid in the reception of our visitors from abroad to make tomorrow a day of pleasure and information.

Order of the day—10 a. m., artillery prac-

tice: 11 a, m., procession. The column will form on Rock Island avenue, the right resting on Woodson street, and will move over Rogers, Evans and Wade streets to the opera house. 1, the marshal of day and his staff; 2, the Fifth Cavalry band; and his staff; 2, the Fifth Cavarry oand; 3, Grand Army of the Republic; 4, the three great Indian schools, the Cheyenne government school at Caddo, the Arrapahoe government school at Darlington, the Mennonite mission school, followed by the Sunday schools in carriages or wagons; 5, carriages; 6, wagons; 7, Indians in marshall order; 13 o'clock, basket dinner. The Indians will lariet their steers and pretain ndians will lariat their steers and prepare their feast.

Reading of the Declaration of Inde-pendence......Miss Emma Tusten, Music. Sing for Freedom. Music Band Address Judge A. J. Seay. Address Marshal W. S. Lurty.

Music Band.
Address... Hon. T. G. Risley, of Guthric,
Music—National hymn... America.
3 p. m.—Horse and foot races.
4 p. m.—Indian war dance. 8:30 p. m.-A grand anniversary ball.

NORMAN'S CENSUS FIGURES. NORMAN, Ok., July 3 .- [Special Corre-

NORMAN, O.E., July 3.—[Special Coffesspondence]. The complete census returns give Norman 812 and a correction of the census will be necessary to show the population of county No. 3. The returns are below what was expected, but this is easily explained because so many of our business men live on claims near the city. Norman is making rapid strides in the way of improvements but nothing is being overdone and today there is not an empty business house or residence in the city.

Adkins & Welch are erecting a fine store building 50x80, two stories; the lower floor will be occupied by a bank and the upper part as an opera house. Work will begin in a short time on the M. E. church, South, academy. The foundation is being laid for the M. E. church building and a large number of residences are being completed. Two hotels will be erected in the near future, one of stone and the other of brick. The crops in this county are magnificent and half of the corn, is safe from harm. Howard and lailer and pall of the corn is safe from harm. Howard and lailer and pall of the corn is safe from harm. Howard and lailer and pall of the corn is safe from harm.

Howard and also officers of the war vessels in the harbor.

General Brown escorted General Sherman to the safe in the harbor.

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General Brown escorted General Sherman to the safe in the safe in the h ture, one of stone and the other of brick. The crops in this county are magnificent and half of the corn is safe from harm. Your correspondent has just returned from a trip over the country and found spiendid crops and large acreage in each township. It is safe to say that county No. 3 will raise more corn and cotton than any other county in Oklahoma. A few good claims can be had at very reasonable prices. The new fire proof cotton mill to 3-rist mill is completed and ready for business.

Norman will celebrate the Fourth in the right manner. Hom A C. Scott of Oklahoma City, and Colonel T. S. Jones of Guthrie, will be the orators of the day. The political pot is boiling with candidates bobbing up everywhere.

THE MONTH'S WEATHER.

LAWRENCE, Kan., July 3.—Theuniversity weather report for June, 1890, prepared by Prof. F. H. Snow, of the University of rence, shows the hottest June on our twenty-three year record, except June, 1881, which surpassed it by only 0.23 degrees of mean temperature. The rainfall was deficient, being less than half the average amount, and the smallest June precipitation on our record since June, 1872. The rain, however, was well distributed and crops have suffered no damage from the present deficiency. The cloudiness was below average, and the wind velocity above the normal by nearly 1,000 miles.

Mean temperature—77 02 degrees, which is 3.89 degrees above the June average, on the 28th; the lowest was 52 degrees on on the 28th; the lowest was 52 degrees on on the 5th; giving a range of 44 degrees. rence, shows the hottest June on our twen-

on the 6th, giving a range of 44 degrees. Mean temperature at 7 a. m., 72.80 degrees. at 2 p. m., 85.12 degrees; at 9 p. m., 75.08 Rainfall-2.12 inches, which is 2.78 inches

below the June average. Rain fell in measurable quantities on six days. There were two thunder showers. The entire rainfall for the six months of 1890 now completed, has been 1404 inches, which is 3.00 inches below the average for the same

RULED AS A NUISANCE

GIRAND, Kan., July 3.—O. C. Bagany and George M. White agents for a brewing company of Kassas City, have been running an original package house in Grard for about three weeks. At a citizens meeting it was decided to have them arrested and Monday A. D. Grandy was employed to assist the county attorney in the prosecution. The arrests were made that day for maintaining a nuisance and the trial came off today. They were both convicted in the district court and that day for maintaining a nuisance and the trial came off today. They were both convicted in the district court and sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 each and to be confued in the county jail for sixty days where they now are. In instructing the jary Judge J. S. West said though an importer of liquor may under the recent decisions sell the same in original packages, he may not legally permit his place of business to begally permit his place of business to be-one a resort for men to gather and resort

PACKAGE MAN UNDER ARREST.

PACKAGE MAN UNDER ARREST.

PITTSBURG, Kan., Inly 3.—0. C. Baganz, the brewing company's agent at this place, who has a branch house in Girard, was juiled yesterday at Girard upon a forfeiture of appearance bond for running and maintaining a nuisance in Girard. There have been numbers of efforts in this city to have him arrested, but without sufficient proof that his place was a nuisance. In the present instance it is said there is proof gains, him and his cierk, who was also arrested, that they were guilty of selling and permitting heer to be opened and drank in his establishment.

A SINGULAR SUICIDE.

The business meeting followed. An invitation was received to hold the next session at Buffalor than the next set of the next place. Officers were elected, General Sharman was elected an honary member. The meeting adjourned with three cheers for the new president who made a short speech.

Tometrow there will be a grand demonstration, here they were guilty of selling and permitting heer to be opened and drank in his establishment.

A SINGULAR SUICIDE.

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STRONG CITY, Kan., July a.—George Austin, one of the brightest young men in the county, was left in his room Monday noon, while the family went to dinner. Later his little sister went to the room, and found him lying on the bed unconscions, with a revulver in his hand and a gaping wound in his forehead. He was 30 years of age, a graduate of the Cotton-wood Falls high school and a student of the Kansas State university. As he left no explanation of his act the only theory that is advanced is that he was temporarily insane.

BRAVE AND DISTINGUISHED MEN AT PORTLAND.

Annual Reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potemac.

have harmonized and joined in a great General Sherman Defends the Armies of the West From Charges of Disorder.

> The Lessons Taught by the Grand Review at Washington-Hon. Hannibal Hamlin Enthusiastically Greeted-Many Notable Speakers-Great Preparations for Today.

> PORTLAND, Me., July 3.-The society of he Army of the Potomac had a rainy norning for the opening of their annua-reunion in this city. During the forenoon corps meetings were held in the city hall.

corps meetings were near in the city hall.
Some of the corps were largely represented. Of others only a dozen or so were present. Secretary of War Proctor was elected president of the first corps.

All over the city buildings were gaily decorated with flags. General Sherman arrived today and took quarters at the Falmouth hotel, where he received calls from comrades.

was finished, the chairman introduced General Sherman, who received a prolonged ovation and spoke as follows:

"Comrades of the Army of the Potomac and Indies and gentiemen of Portland—It is not the food we can that gives us health and strength, but that which we digest. It is so with the mind. It is not the books we read, or the newspapers either, or even the speakers we hear that enlarge our understanding, but those we comprehend and speakers we hear that enlarge our understanding, but those we comprehend and digest. Now, my friends, I have had a good deal of experience in my life, and have learned since I have been upon this stage that the grand review in Washing ton terminated when the army of the Potomac passed. Now, I have so many fresh memories of that grand review that I think I was there and I think that review occupied three days. The first day the army of the Potomac had the floor and I was upon the stand at that time, as I am now, taking notes of the positions that I might profit by them. For if you remember, the armies of the west did not have a fair reparation for order, drill and discipline. You

got your news of us through rebel sources igreat applause; and we chased them for 1,800 miles into your very camps. They

"After the reviewing was over, I contend that your review was over, but mine was not. The two constituted a thing of magnificent proportions, creditable to both. As to the patience within their hearts, as the principles which meved those great masses of men to a common purpose, we need not speak, for history has treated of it for twenty-live years. But upon the simple question of instruction and discipline, we can take lessons to the very last day of our lives. Now General Walker, for whom I have great affection, as well as profound respect, did not give an account of the cost in human life in furnishing that hold cavalry that furnished the war with muscle and brain. I do believe, as I that hold cavalry that furnished the war with muscle and brain. I do believe, as I do believe, as I do believe in Him who rules over us that this country spent one thousand millions of dollars and one hundred thousand precious lives to teach them the art of war. Now let our children digest these thoughts well and give credit to all alike, and remember this country extends over the continent, and is not confined to one pert, and that there are good people everywhere. Hom. Hannibal Hamlin was then called for and was greeted with three cheers. He spoke briefly thanking the society for the reception and expressing pleasure at being

reception and expressing pleasure at being General O. O. Howard was the next speaker and was followed by General Devens in an eloquent speech of some length, paying a high tribute to General Walker, the orator of the day. Admiral Gherardi addressed the society

briefly
General Fitz-john Portet made a short
speech after which General J. L. Cham-berlain spoke.
The business meeting followed.

CHATTASOGA, Tenn., July 3.—The first general reunion of confederate meterans commenced in this city today, continuing three days. The city is beautifully decorated with blue and gray bunting, the stars and stripes and large pictures of prominent generals and other leading characters on both sides in the late war. See acters on both sides in the late war. Sev-eral thousand people are here from the various southern states, among them being General Kirby Smith, General John H. Gordon and others prominent in the war. Addresses of welcome and response were made today.

ANOTHER FRUITLESS CONFERENCE Washington, July 3.—Another unavailing conference on the silver bill was held this morning lasting an hour and a half. One of the members says the time was spent as yesterday in a general discussion of the financial situation; that no proposition was presented and pressed with any particular force. An adjournment was taken at hoon until Saturday morning. It is said that previous to that time proba-

is said that previous to that time, proba-bly this evening, the Republican members of the conference will hold a meeting with a view to agreeing on some basis of action. The Republican conferees were together The Republican conferees were together for a couple of hours this afternoon and it is said made some progress toward an agreement. The opinion was expressed after they separated that they would reach a satisfactory basis early next week. an agreement as early as the meeting on Saturday not being anticipated although it is among the possibilities.

WHY THEY QUARRELED.

Real Cause of the Trouble Between Sullivan and Mnldoon-

New York, July 3.—Sportsmen gener ally take sides with John L. Sullivan in his controversy with William Multion, the wrestler, and think that the big exthe wrestler, and think that the big expoliceman has been ungrateful to the champion. Whatever the faults of Sullivan may be he has never gone back on his friends, and he teels deeply the uncalled for attack made upon him by Muhicon. Sullivan's friends, however are not at all backward in their utterances. They denounce Muldoon as a jealous coward laboring under an aggravated attack of "swelled head." The facts in the case are as follows: When Sullivan's fight with Kifrain was arranged, the champion went to Muldoon's farm at Belfast, N. Y., to train. Mike Cleary and Jack Barnitt went with him. Muldoon says that when Sullivan arrived he was a physical wreck and that he had enormous difficulty in getting him into condition for the light. This is denied by the friends of the pugilist, who assert that all the work Muldoon did was to take an occasional walk with the champion, while Cleary and Bernitt, did all the serious sional walk with the champion, while Cleary and Barnitt did all the serious

Cleary and Barnitt did all the serious work of training.

As a reward for the use of Muldoon's farm house Sullivan gave him \$2,000, but Muldoon now denies that he ever received a cent. The true reason of the quarrel seems to be that Muldoon is incensed because he was not allowed to go on the tour of the "Paymaster" company with Sullivan, and to meet the wrestlers, while van, and to meet the wrestlers, while John L. "did up" all the boxers. It is de-clared by John L.'s allies that Muldoen offered to turn state's evidence in the Mississippi case provided that he was allowed to go free

THE COMMISSION ADJOURNS. New Committees Oreated by the World's Fair Board.

CHICAGO, III., July 3.—The first session of the national world fair commissioners ended today, adjournment being taken until October 6, unless the commissioners be sooner convened by the president. A resolution was proposed expressing the satisfaction of the commission with the financial report of the local organization referring to the raising of the \$10,000,000 fund. After considerable debate by gentlemen who considered the resolution out of order it was unanimously adopted.

A new committee was given birth con-

A new committee was given birth consisting of eight commissioners and known as the committee on machinery and motive

ties was announced as follows: Commissioners Groener, Ewing, Butt, Garvin, French, Williams, Ferry, Huntley, Brain.

be referred all questions arising about united site accepted and the facilities for

transportation, etc.

A RECOUNT GRANTED. Kansas Cirr, Mo., July 8.—A recount will be made of twenty-four districts of this city where it appears upon the face of the returns that the enumeration has been made in a slighting manner. Telegrams from Superintendent of the Census Porter and Congressman. Earsney to Supervisor Miller and President Faxon, of the Commerci I club, today amounted that the recount had been ordered as requested by recount has been scuered as requested by the latter gentleman. At a meeting of the special committee of the Commercial club it was decided to do everything possible to obtain a fair count on the recount, which it is expected will increase the total by a

ST. PAUL RATES ADVANCED. CHICAGO, Ill., July 3.—The western roads today agreed to advance freight rates to the Missouri river and St. Paul locents per 100 pounds on first class and propor tionately on the other classes. The Chica go & Northwestern, the only road that had go & Northwestern, the only road that had opposed a change in the rates to St. Pani and Minneapolis, was induced to withdraw its objection and it was unanimously vored to adopt a scale of rates on the basis of 70 cents first class to Missouri river points and 50 cents first class to St. Pani II was left with the charges of the control left with the chairman to fix the date on which the advanced rates are to become ef-fective and the rate derke will be called together next Monday to revise the tariffs.

New York, July 8.—About 999 striking cloak makers gainered at the factory of Meyer & Jonasen and the mercantile cloak factory and attempted to keep the employee of the two firms from going to work. The employee resisted and for a work. The enphyses resisted and for a few minutes Broadway was the scene of a dozen running fights. As a result dame aged heads among the strikers were plen-tism. The working clock makers, how-ever, generally got the worst of it. A dozen strikers caught Charles Butler, a stock clerk, dragged inm backward off the steps and mairreated inm. When the police arrived in force the mob was quick-ly dispersed. Work in the two factories is progressing as usual.

KEMMLER'S RE-SENTENCE. Albany, N. Y., July h-Wm Kemmler was taken from the Auburn prison this morning by the warden and Keeper Mmorning by the warden and heeper Me.
Nangates, and the party beariest the 6:30
train for Buffalo, where the condemned
murderer is to be re-sentenced today.
BUFFALO, N. T., July 8.—Kemmler was
brought into the court of oyer and terminer at 2:30 this afternoon, when Judge
Units ordered that his previous sentence
be carried into effect at Auburn prison
during the week reminerable August 4.

MONTHEAL Queboc, July 8.—At the annual banquet of the Club National held last night at the Windsor, Hon, Wilfred Laurie, the leader of the Liberal party in Canada, said: "Canada can not longer re-main a colony. The time must come when we will take our proper position in the world and for my part I lawer inde-

during the week commencing August 4.

ELECTRIC LINE SOLD. St. Joseph, Mo., July 3.—Arrangements were yesterday completed for the sale of the Union electric street car line to the Peoples Electric Light and Fower company of this city, the consideration being \$400.00. The People's company is composed of New York capitalists who now own and control all the street car lines in the city.

THE RULING PASSION OF EURO-PEANS.

England and France Ready to Resent Passage of the Mc-Kinley Bill.

An Effort in the Commons Which Pressure of Business Will Probably Defeat.

Minister Roche Waited Upon by Delegations to Urge Retaliatory Action Senator Plumb's Views on the Pending Tariff Bill-Various Political Conventions.

Lendon, July 3.—All indications point to a determined effort, led by Mr. Howard Vincent in the British parliament, to dis-criminate against United States exports to a determined effort, led by Mr. Howard. Vincent in the British parliament, to discriminate against United States exports in retaliation for the McKinley tariff bill. The government, however, has so much important business on the list that it is unlikely that such a measure, including a radical departure from the free trade principles of half a century would receive serious consideration during the present session. In France, however, the adoption of retaliatory measures is certain as soon as the McKinley bill becomes a law. A committee composed of the deputies from Finistere, Cotes du Nord and Loire Inferieure waited upon M. Jules Roche, minister of commerce, and requested the government maintenance of the prehibition of American lard imports. M. Roche replied that the vote on the McKinley tariff bill in the American bouse had changed the commercial position of France toward America. The prohibition of lard, he said, might be one motive for passing a bill. Apart from what the government might decide upon after negotiations with America, it could not, at present, meet America's avowal of an economical war by concessions. M. Roche assured the committee that no immediate change would be made in the existing position. existing position

PLUME'S TARIFF POSITION. The Senator Looking Out for the Interests of His People.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 3.—A Times special from Lawrence says. A prominent gentleman of this city, who recently wrote a congratulatory letter to Senator Plumb for the stand he took on the silver and Mofor the stand be took on the silver and Mo-kinley bills, received a letter from the senator today. In it he said: "I am very glad indeed to note your commendation of my position on the tariff question. Prob-ably we shall not agree as so exactly what ought to be done, but I am myself entirely persunded that the western pechle are not to be benefitted by an indiscriminate in-crease of the duties levied upon imported merchandise, and especially on those things which go into universal consump-tion. In this matter, as in all others, the interests of my constituents are my later-ests, and whatever those interests call for I shall gladly sid in accomplishing."

RERUBLICANS AT CALDWELL CALDWELL, Kan., July 3.—The Republican county convention was held today to elect delegates to the congressional convention to be held at Dodge City July 30. Hon T. A. Hubbard was Indorsed and delegated the control of the congression of the c egates favorable to his nomination were selected. Resolutions industing Ingalis

COWLEY'S CONVENTION CALLED. ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., July 8.—The Cowley county Republican committee met today and called a convention to elect delegutes to the state and congressional con ventions and to nominate county candi-dates for August 22. Resolutions were passed congratulating Senators Ingalls and Plumb for the position taken by them in favor of free contage of silver. Captain J. B. Nipp, of this county was also strongly endorsed for the nomination of state treas-

THE PROHIBITION MEETING. McPhenson, Kan., July 3.—The state robibition convention now in session in prohibition convention now in session in this city effected a temporary organiza-tion by electing A Merchandison, of Law-rence chairman, and Stanton A. Hyer, of McPherson, secretary. About forty dele-gates are present. The usual committees have been appointed. Bodkin speaks to-night, St. John failed to appear as adver-tised.

THE RIGHTS OF ALIENS.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 3.—Judge Kavanaugh, of the Polk county destrict court,
has rendered a decision to the effect that
an alien can acquire by inheritance no
right or interest to real estate in lows, but
an alien may sequire and hold real property to the extent of 250 acres or city property to the extent of 250 acres or city property to the amount of \$10,000 in value providing that within five years from the date
of purchase of such property the asme is
placed in actual presession of a relative of
such purchaser within the third degree of
kindred or the husband or wife of such
relative, and further that such occupant
become a naturalized citizen within tea
years from the purchase of said property. THE RIGHTS OF ALIENS. years from the purchase of said property.

TWO BANKERS SUICIDE KALAMAZOO, Mich, July i - Henben McComber, a wealthy banker, aged about 60, committed suinde Monday night at Three Rivers. He retired at a o clock and thing about 9, told his wife he was going out. Half an hour later his body was found benging in an out house, where he out. Half an hour later his body was found hanging in an out house, where he had strangled himself with a piece of common twine. Mr. McComber was a director in the Three Rivers National hank and worth perhaps \$80,000 No reason is known for his suicide.

Privatino, Pa., July 1.—Nicholas Gratten von Bonerhurst, secretary and treasure of the People's Savings bank, this city, shot himself through the right temple at 4 o'clock this morning at his house at Ingram station.

TOOK RAT POISON. Kassas City Mo., July 1.—1. H. Welker, traveling saleuman for the United
States Engine and Wind Pump company,
of this city, died this morning at the Stewint house. St. Joseph, from the effects of
a dose of rat poseon, taken with suicidal
intent. The body will be taken to Cleve-

PROTEST AGAINST BILL OF LADING. New Youx, July 2-A circular letter was sent out today to all the boards of trade in the country by the New York Produce exchange. It is a pentest against the new form of bill of lading which all the railrands adopted the let of July and spring upon the shippers without way warning.

Concernia, Kam. July 1.—H. H. Bow-man, who was arrested under an ordinance of the city for running an original pack-age house here, and his trial before the police judge today. He was fund \$100 and costs. Failing to pay the same he was contributed to talk